

Laboratory Instruments / Laborgeräte Instruments de laboratoire / Laboratorio de Instrumentos

Dental Instruments catalogue





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Articulators

ROCKMED



ROCKMED ROCKMED

MDL.99.028 **Galetti Articulator Spare Parts** The worlds finest plasterless, fixed plane articulator. (SI) Later claw bolt Movable later claw bolt 1 2 Simple to use with easy adjustments. 815.00 Grams Tension bolt 3 Adjusting bolt 4 Knurled lock nut 5 6 Knurled nut Tension spindle 9 Bolt for wing nut 15 Adjusting screw 21 23 Locking device Ball shaft 25 R_I)

The world's finest plasterless, fixed plate articulator. Made in ROCKMED, Pakistan, the Galetti Articulator is all metal constructed. It provides for easy, speedy firm grasp of models of any size, controlling the correct occlusion with maximum precision. Neither plaster work nor accessories are required. Easy to clean.

Laboratory Instruments













MDL.4003

LeCron Wax & Modeling Carvers Zahle Wax & Modeling Carvers Zahle Wax & Modeling Carvers Fahnenstock Wax Knife 125mm Fahnenstock Wax Knife 175mm Lessmann Wax Knife 175mm Mariam Tweezers 160mm Sclapel Handle #3 Universal Wire Scissors 120mm Saw Edge Ins Scissors , Mosquito Forceps Iwanson Clipper, P.K Thomas Set

MDL.4004

LeCron Wax, Zahle Wax & Modeling Carvers Zahle Wax, Fahnenstock Wax Knife 125mm Fahnenstock Lessmann ,Gritmann Wax Knife Soldering Tweezers, Mosquito Forceps College Tweezers, Iris Scissors. Wire Scissors Saw Edge, Scalpel Handle #3, Iwanson Clipper 100mm Universal Orthodontic Pilers 150mm

MDL.4005 Hylin Le com carver, Roach carver, Vehe carver, Lecron carver, Ash 5 carver, Spetula cemnet Merium Tweezers, Fehnenstock spetul Gritmann plaster knife Plasterspatula, Mosquito pincers Surgical scissors,

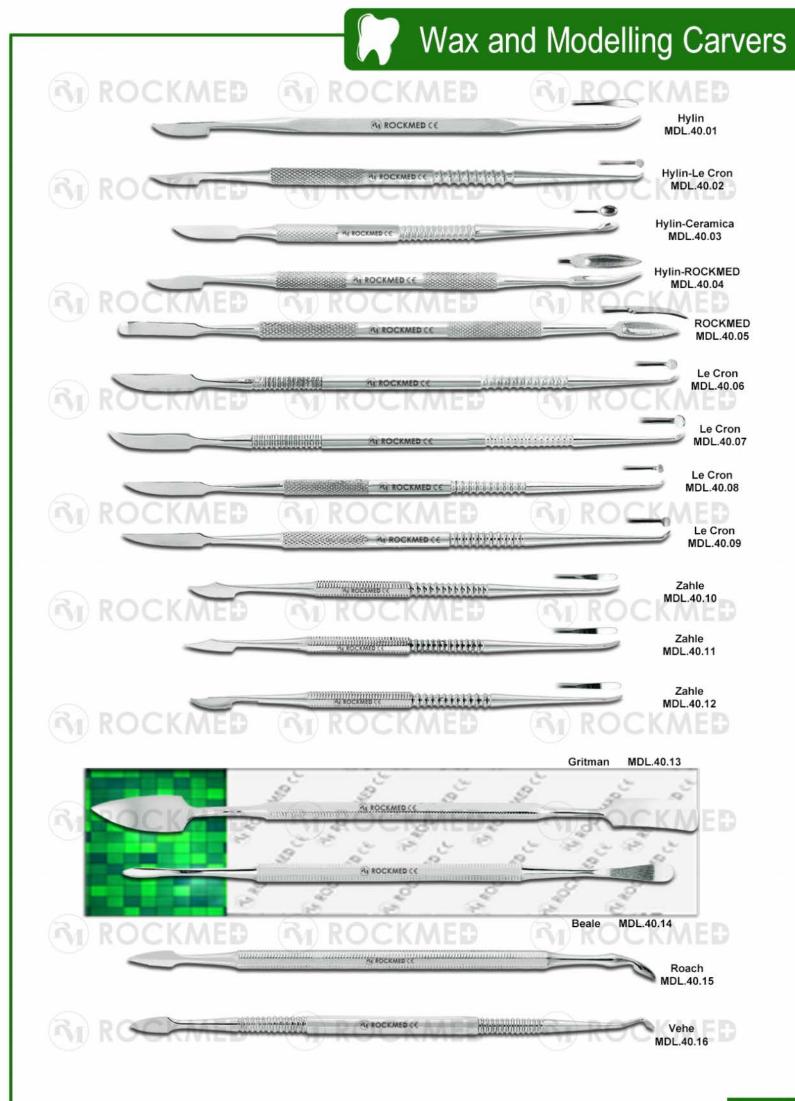
Adams universal pliers 64, Coil former pliers 65



ROCKMED

MDL.4006 10pcs Wax Modeling Carver Dental Lab Technician Carving Tools Kit





"Lab Set" for Laboratory / PK-THOMAS



	Carving Instruments à modeler	instruments Instrumentos para modelar
	Wax & Modeling Carvers MDL.46.01	HYLIN/LE CRON
ROCKMED	RC MDL.46.02 FB	
R CCKMED	MDL.46.03	ZAHLE
	MDL.46.04	LE CRON
	MDL.46.05	
ROCKMED		RO for veneers
ROCKALE	MDL.46.07 MDL.46.08 MDL.46.08	ROCKMED
	ROCKMED CC	ROCK Gritman
Double-ended carving instrume wax, the curved end is specifica	MDL.46.10 ROCKMED CE Int for porcelain and acrylic, one end is a LE CRON instrument for carving ally for contouring the interdental spaces and cutting grooves in the incisa	al areas of crowns
ROCKMED		Beale ROCKMED Fig. 1 MDR.SPA8X 4.5 mm
ROCKMED	ROCKMED CE	Fig. 2 MDR.SPA9X ^{6 mm} Fig. 3 MDR.SPA10X ^{8 mm}

INSTRUMENT CARE



Instrument care and repair

It is important to follow strict procedures in the care and maintenance of your instruments. To assure the longevity and corrosion resistance of your investment, follow one of these sterilization methods. NOTE: Be sure to read your sterilization unit's instruction manual for proper set-up and to adjust for local water conditions. Always follow your unit's sterilization parameters.

Dry Heat Sterilization:

- 1. Remove any debris from instruments using a brush or towel.
- 2. Perform an ultrasonic cleaning using a general purpose cleaner.
- 3. Dry thoroughly with oil/water-free compressed air or towel.
- 4. Place instruments on racks.
- 5. Sterilize following parameters given by sterilization unit manufacturer.
- 6. Lubricate immediately with a silicone-based lubricant.

Autoclaving:

- 1. Remove any debris from instruments using a brush or towel.
- 2. Perform an ultrasonic cleaning using a general purpose cleaner.
- 3. Dry thoroughly with oil/water-free compressed air or towel.
- 4. Place instruments on autoclave tray with jaws open.
- 5. Sterilize following parameters given by sterilization unit manufacturer.
- 6. Allow instruments to cool after sterilization cycle.
- Remove instruments and ensure instruments are free of moisture by towel drying.
 Lubricate immediately with a silicone-based lubricant.

Chemclaving (unsaturated chemical vapor):

- 1. Remove any debris from instruments using a brush or towel.
- 2. Perform an ultrasonic cleaning using a general purpose cleaner.
- 3. Dry thoroughly with oil/water-free compressed air or towel.
- Place instruments on chemclave tray with jaws open. Place layer of paper toweling between instruments.
- 5. Sterilize following parameters given by sterilization unit manufacturer.
- 6. Depressurize the equipment and allow instruments to cool after sterilization cycle.
- 7. Remove instruments and ensure instruments are free of moisture by towel drying.
- 8. Lubricate immediately with a silicone-based lubricant.

Cold Sterilization (disinfection):

- 1. Remove any debris from instruments using a brush or towel.
- 2. Perform an ultrasonic cleaning using a general purpose cleaner.
- 3. Dry thoroughly with oil/water-free compressed air or towel.
- 4. Immerse instruments in a 2% glutaraldehyde sterilizing solution.
- 5. Remove the instruments from the sterilizing solution, rinse in water, and towel
- dry to ensure instrument is free of moisture.
- 6. Lubricate immediately with a silicone-based lubricant.

Helpful Hint: Dipping instruments in a water-based surgical milk prior to ultrasonic cleaning reduces the incidence of spots, stains, and corrosion. Surgical milk is an interface surface corrosion inhibitor and lubricant that helps to ensure proper movement of hinges and provides a protective barrier that arrests discoloration and corrosion during sterilization.

Preventing Corrosion

Corrosion can attack any stainless steel instrument from any manufacturer. A little effort to ensure the cleanliness of the part during sterilization goes a long way. Stainless steel surfaces require access to oxygen to form a protective chromium oxide layer. This chromium oxide layer (passive layer) is what gives stainless steel its corrosion resistance. What prevents oxygen from contacting stainless steel? Moisture, dirt, and cement left on the instrument are typical causes that prevent oxygen from contacting stainless steel during the sterilization process. Instruments should be thoroughly brushed clean before sterilization. All instruments should be

sterilized in the open position and then thoroughly dried after sterilization, taking special care in the joint areas and

crevices.

Corroded instruments should never be sterilized with non-corroded instruments as the iron oxide on the corroded instrument can transfer to the non-corroded instrument, attaching itself permanently.



Contact

After you have chosen to experience the best instruments available, please give us a call or email at info@medflair.com We are ready to provide you with all the relevant information and details you desire. Looking for more? All of the instruments are available whenever you are at www.medflair.com. If you would like them to stop by please give us a call; we will have them set up a meeting that is convenient to your busy schedule.

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